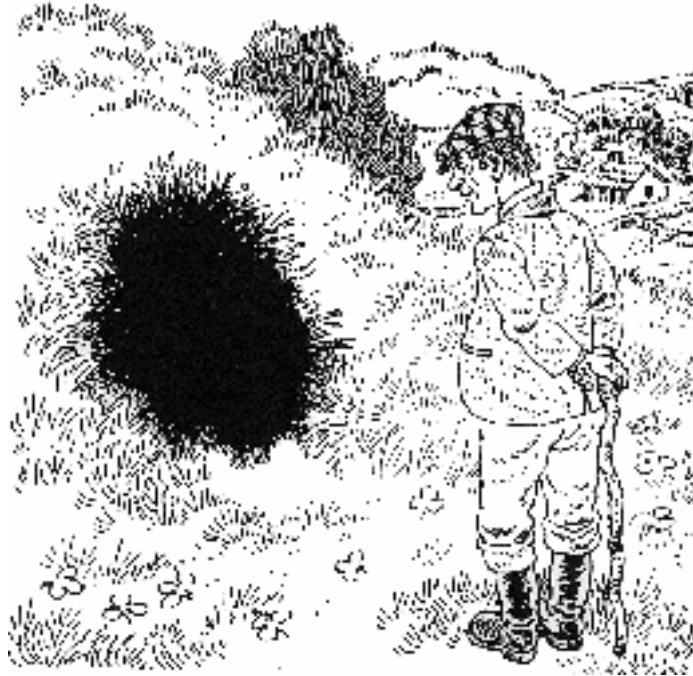


## A Tip o' the Hat A Tale from Ireland



1 Times were hard for Grady O'Hara's family in Donegal, Ireland. For months they had lived on porridge alone. One day Maggie O'Hara said to her husband, "Grady, you must find work before we all starve."

2 Grady traveled many miles, yet he found no work. Weary, he rested against a hill covered in soft green clover. As he dozed, Grady began to hear music. It seemed to be coming from within the hill. Parting the clover, Grady discovered a cave opening just big enough to squeeze his body through. The wee cave was full of fairies. This was good, for in Ireland fairies must give a gift to a human who finds them.

3 The fairies offered Grady a fine iron pot. "Placed over fire," said their leader, "it instantly fills with food. Go now, but tell no one of your luck."

4 Grady headed home, but darkness soon fell. He came to a farmhouse and asked the owners if he could stay there overnight. The Hanahans, who lived there, said he could stay, but a few potatoes were all they had for dinner. Well, Grady's hunger was as fierce as a lion's. He couldn't help showing off his new pot. They all enjoyed a grand dinner, and Grady went to bed with a full stomach.

5 The next morning, Grady went home. He wanted to show his family the pot and to feed everyone a great meal. When he put the pot over the fire, though, nothing happened. Looking closely, Grady realized that it was not the same pot! As he had slept soundly, the Hanahans had traded their pot for his.

6 Grady went to the fairies, and they agreed to trick the Hanahans. The fairies gave Grady an ugly green hat

and sent him back to the farm. There, before going to bed, he boasted that the hat was very special. Sure enough, they took it from him.

7 As they tipped it over to look inside, several fairies jumped out and began playing ear-piercing music. The Hanahans held their hands over their ears.

8 “They won’t stop playing until you give me back my pot,” said Grady.

9 Grady went home with his hat and his pot. He held a fantastic feast for his family and all the neighbors.

None of them overstayed their welcome, though. They all had heard what happened when Grady tipped his hat!

### The Lucky Cloak A Tale from Italy



1 Signor Luna and his son, Antonio, lived in a small town in Italy. One day, the old man decided that Antonio should go out into the world and seek his fortune. Calling his son to him, he presented a battered old cloak with one small pocket.

2 How can this old cloak help me? asked Antonio.

3 You’ll see, said his father. Put it on and reach into the pocket.

4 Antonio did so, and out came a silver coin. A coin will appear whenever you need one, Signor Luna said, but that is not all. Button the cloak now.

5 When Antonio buttoned the cloak’s last button, he instantly became invisible! With the cloak and his father’s good wishes, the young man went on his way.

6 After walking what seemed like a very long distance, Antonio entered a small town with two cafés on the cobblestone street. Antonio saw a pretty young woman in one of them, sitting alone.

7 “May I join you, Signorina?” he asked with a polite little bow.

8 “No,” she said, “for I can see by your tattered cloak that you are a poor man. I fear that

you cannot  
afford to buy your meal.”

9 Antonio’s pride was injured. To repair the damage, he pulled out a coin and told the girl about the special pocket. Of course, she invited him to sit at her table.

10 With coins pulled from the cloak, Antonio bought a fine dinner for the young woman and himself. After they had eaten, she began to complain of the cold. He took his cloak and placed it upon her shoulders.

How puzzled he was when she held it tightly around herself and said, “Now this cloak belongs to me!”

11 Thinking quickly, Antonio said, “Wait! I’ll show you something even more wonderful about that cloak. You will be truly amazed.” With some hesitation, she removed the cloak and handed it back to Antonio.

12 “The best thing about this cloak is that when you button it—” Suddenly, Antonio was nowhere to be seen! He had disappeared. Unseen, he slipped away, glad to have regained the cloak and to have gained some valuable wisdom.

CSR0P019

**1. Which phrase from “A Tip o’ the Hat” is a simile?**

- A on porridge alone
- B as fierce as a lion’s
- C with a full stomach
- D an ugly green hat

**2. In what way are Grady and Antonio different?**

- A Grady wears fancy clothes, but Antonio dresses in shabby rags.
- B Grady has a wife and family, but Antonio is a young man starting out on his own.
- C Grady is very funny and likes to tell jokes, and Antonio is a very serious person.
- D Grady is shy and likes to live on a farm, and Antonio is a friendly town man.

3. In *both* stories, the main character learns

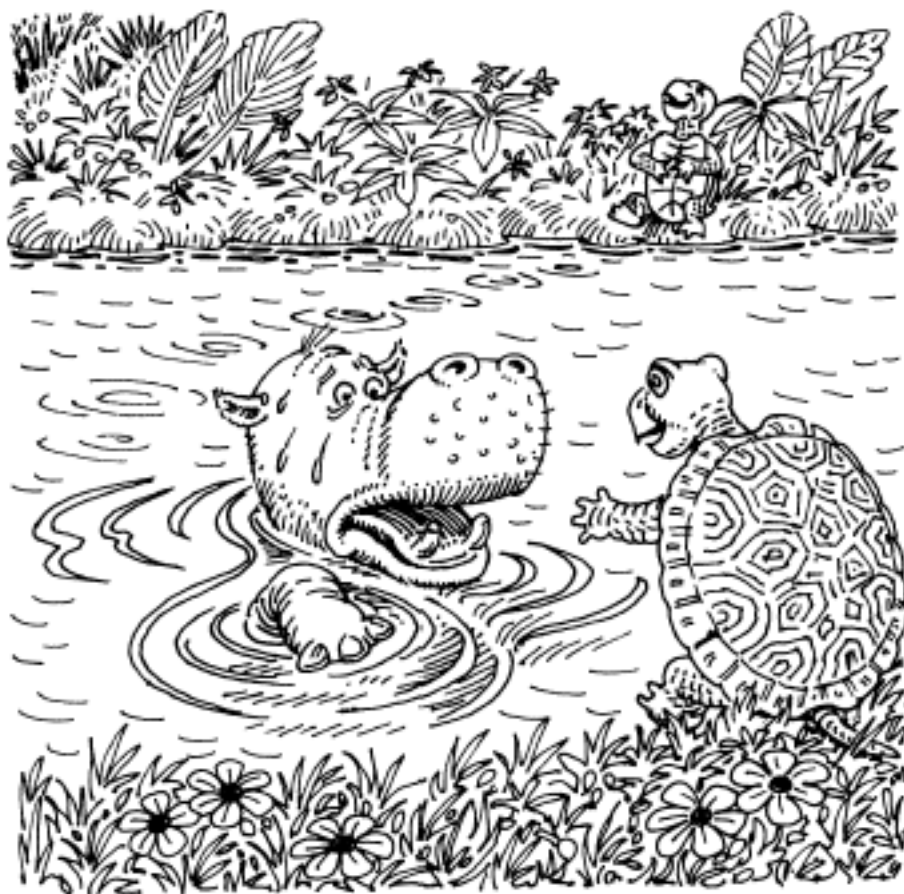
- A to ask for help when he needs it.
- B that magic cannot solve problems.
- C to be careful about the people he trusts.
- D that it is important to have one best friend.

4. In the "Lucky Cloak," which of these could *not* really have happened?

- A Antonio became invisible.
- B Antonio saw a woman sitting alone.
- C Antonio walked a long distance.
- D Antonio's father gave him an old cloak.

# Tim and Jim's Race

An African Folktale<sup>1</sup>



1 Tim and Jim Turtle were brothers who lived along the banks of a deep, muddy river. They looked so much alike that no one could tell them apart. Once in a while even Mama Turtle had trouble! “Tim, pick up your toys,” she’d say to Jim, and, “Jim, wash your hands for dinner,” she’d say to Tim.

2 Like most little turtles, Tim and Jim were sometimes mischievous. One day Tim Turtle saw the big gray hippopotamus in the water. “Let’s play a trick on Henry Hippo,” he said eagerly.

3 “What?” cried Jim. “Henry Hippo is so big and strong, and we’re just little turtles. What kind of a trick could we possibly play on him?”

4 Tim laughed. “Just do as I say.” He whispered something into Jim’s ear, and then Jim quickly disappeared under the water.

5 Tim called to the hippopotamus, saying, “I am such a fast swimmer. No one can swim faster than I can!”

6 “Is that you talking, Little One?” asked the hippo. “You think you are so fast in the water?”

7 “That’s right, and I can prove it. I will race you,” replied Tim.

8 The hippopotamus laughed. “That’s absurd! What a silly idea! I am a much faster

swimmer than you are!"

9 "We will see. The first one to the other side of the river wins!" said Tim. He ducked under the water as Henry Hippo started swimming. Tim knew that he could never swim as fast as Henry. But that did not matter.

Jim had already swum to the other side and was waiting there.

10 When Henry Hippo reached the other side, his eyes grew wide. "This cannot be!" he said to Jim. "How did you get here so fast? You must give me another chance. We must race back to the other side and I know I'll beat you this time."

11 Jim readily agreed, and he ducked down under the water as the hippopotamus began swimming back. When Henry reached the opposite shore, there was Tim sitting on a rock, waiting for him.

12 "I didn't think it was true, but you are right," said Henry Hippo. "You are faster than I am! I will never doubt you again, Little One."

13 Henry Hippo wandered back into the jungle, amazed. Jim returned and joined his brother. They both laughed and laughed over the trick they had played. This time their mama, however, was not so easily fooled. "Jim," she said, "I know it was you who left your toys lying around. And Tim, your hands are still dirty. Now go wash up for dinner."

---

<sup>1</sup>This story is a retelling of an African folktale.

CSR0P242

**5..The turtles in the story are**

- A** stingy.
- B** tricky.
- C** lazy.
- D** brave.

6. Read this sentence from "Tim and Jim's Race."

When Henry Hippo reached the other side, his eyes grew wide.

**When the author says that Henry's "eyes grew wide," she means that Henry**

- A was tired.
- B was trying to see better.
- C was surprised.
- D was afraid of something.

**The Purest Heart**  
**A Story from China**

- 1 In a forest in China, there lived a snake. The snake had a beautiful garden of flowers. One day the snake caught Chow Wing gathering the snake's flowers for his three daughters. The snake was angry. "Chow Wing," he hissed, "you must give me one of your daughters as a wife." Frightened, the man agreed.
- 2 At home, Chow Wing grew sick with worry. He could neither eat nor sleep.
- 3 "Please eat, Father," said his eldest daughter, Hua.
- 4 "I am too worried," he said. "Hua, will you marry the snake and save us?"
- 5 "You cannot ask me to marry a snake, Father!" said Hua, laughing. "He is so ugly, and I am beautiful. Everyone says so."
- 6 Next he turned to Fung, his middle daughter. "Fung, will you marry the snake?"
- 7 "Dearest Father," said Fung, sighing deeply. "This snake is so harsh. I cannot!"
- 8 The youngest daughter, Tao, stepped forward. "I will marry the snake," she said.
- 9 In the forest some days later, sweet Tao married the snake. She became a good wife, cleaning and cooking and always being kind and respectful to her husband.
- 10 One scorching summer afternoon, Tao returned from collecting water to find the snake dying from thirst. Quickly she plunged him into the cool water that she had brought. Before her eyes, he began to grow and change. When he had completed this change, he was a strong and handsome young man!
- 11 "Tao," he said. "A spell changed me into an ugly snake, but your love and kindness

changed me back into  
my real self.”

12 The happy couple visited Chow Wing, Hua, and Fung. How amazed they were! The sisters also felt pangs of envy, now that Tao was married to such a fine young man. Deep in their hearts, though, they knew that she was the one of pure heart, the only one who could have broken the evil spell.



### **Kapapitoe and the Lizard** A Story from Indonesia





1 In an Indonesian jungle lived an old woman who had raised a lizard as if he were her son. One day the lizard said, "Please go to the house of seven sisters. Ask if one of the sisters will marry me."

2 The old woman went to the seven single sisters' house and asked the oldest to marry the lizard. The young woman laughed, saying, "Who would marry a lizard?"

3 Each day for a week, the old woman returned with bridal gifts and the marriage offer. One by one, six of the seven sisters refused. Finally she came to the youngest sister, Kapapitoe. "I will marry him," she said. A week later, the old woman returned with the bridal gifts and the lizard in a basket.

4 The six older sisters were cruel to Kapapitoe's lizard husband. After working in the jungle all day, they would clean their feet on his scaly back. As the planting feast of *Ta Datoe* approached, they said to him, "You may not go to this feast, for you are an ugly lizard." Kapapitoe was kind to her husband and hated the way her sisters treated him. As the youngest, though, she had no power over them.

5 The day before the feast, the lizard asked his wife to carry him into the jungle. There he used his long, slashing tail to cut trees and grass until he had cleared a field for planting. "There, now they will surely let me go to the planting feast tomorrow!" he said to Kapapitoe. Remaining cruel, the six sisters told him he was too revolting to be seen in their company.

6 On the day of the feast, Kapapitoe was ready to go to the river and wash. "Please take me to the river with you," said her husband, and so she did. The lizard went into the water. When he came out, he was a handsome young man dressed in fine clothes!

7 At the feast everyone asked, "Who is that handsome man with Kapapitoe?"

8 The old woman smiled and said, "It is her husband."

9 Oh, how jealous those six sisters were! They tried time and time again to steal Kapapitoe's husband from her, but he loved only his wife.

CSR1P063

**7. These passages are *best* described as**

- A** modern-day science fiction stories.
- B** fables about animals who learn a lesson.
- C** myths that explain how things began.
- D** fairy tales from two different countries.

**8. In “Kapapitoe and the Lizard,” how did Kapapitoe’s six sisters show how much they disliked and disrespected the lizard?**

- A** They would not give him any food to eat or water to drink.
- B** They told Kapapitoe that she must leave their home with him.
- C** They cleaned their dirty feet by wiping them on his rough skin.
- D** They made him work hard all day, every day, in the jungle.

**9.Both the snake and the lizard change into men when they**

- A** are in water.
- B** see water.
- C** drink water.
- D** say “water.”

## The Tail Trade

*A Story of the Maliseet Indians*

- 1 Long ago, when the world was new, Beaver had a long, thin tail. He loved to dive, but his long tail didn't help him get to the bottom of the pond fast enough. He couldn't use his tail to slap the mud into place when he built a dam.
- 2 One day, Muskrat swam by. Beaver noticed Muskrat's broad, flat tail. He realized it would be perfect for diving and building dams. At the same time, Muskrat gazed enviously at Beaver's tail. Muskrat loved to swim fast, and his broad, flat tail dragged in the water and slowed him down. He thought it would be better to have Beaver's tail. So Muskrat said, "Beaver, I would do anything to have a tail like yours."
- 3 "Is that so?" replied Beaver. "I was just admiring *your* tail. Why don't we trade?"
- 4 Muskrat eagerly agreed, and they exchanged tails right then and there. Muskrat couldn't wait to try his new long, thin tail. He was pleased as could be when he shot across the pond with great speed. Then he watched as Beaver showed off *his* new tricks. Beaver easily dove to the bottom of the pond with his new broad, flat tail. He gathered some mud, swam up, and with a loud *smack!* slapped it onto his dam. When he felt danger was nearby, a loud *smack!* would be heard as Beaver slapped his tail on the water. It was his way of warning others to keep away.
- 5 Muskrat was jealous. He had never even dreamed of the clever ways Beaver had thought to use the broad, flat tail. Muskrat went to Beaver and said, "I want my tail back!" Beaver wasn't about to give it up. His only answer was a loud *smack!*
- 6 Muskrat knew better than to ask again. To this day, Beaver still has the broad, flat tail he got from Muskrat, and Muskrat has the long, thin one he got from Beaver.

## **Monkey Gets the Last Laugh** *A Story from Brazil*

1 Long ago, Monkey loved to play tricks. He'd pull Rabbit's ears or yank Cat's tail and then hoot and holler until his belly hurt. All the animals were tired of being laughed at. They were fed up with Monkey's tricks.

2 One day, while Monkey was taking a nap, several animals rolled a big stone onto his tail. Monkey yanked and pulled, trying to get his tail free. At last, he gave such a hard jerk that his tail broke off!

3 Cat grabbed the tail and scurried away. Monkey knew he needed his tail to climb trees. He chased after Cat and begged, "Please give me my tail back. I'll do whatever you ask."

4 Cat thought about it and replied, "I'll give it to you, if you'll get me some milk from Cow."

5 So Monkey went to Cow and asked, "Cow, please give me some milk, so I can give it to Cat, so she'll give me my tail back."

6 Cow thought about it and replied, "I'll give it to you, if you'll get me some grass from the farmer."

7 So Monkey went to the farmer and begged, "Farmer, please give me some grass, so I can give it to Cow, so she'll give me some milk, so I can give it to Cat, so she'll give me my tail back."

8 The farmer thought about it and replied, "I'll give it to you, if you'll get me some rain from the cloud."

9 So Monkey went to the cloud and asked, "Cloud, please give me some rain, so I can give it to the farmer, so he'll give me some grass, so I can give it to Cow, so she'll give me some milk, so I can give it to Cat, so she'll give me my tail back."

10 The cloud thought about it and replied, "I'll give it to you, if you'll get me some water from the river."

11 So Monkey went to the river and asked, "River, please give me some water, so I can give it to the cloud, so he'll give me some rain, so I can give it to the farmer, so he'll give me some grass, so I can give it to Cow, so she'll give me some milk, so I can give it to Cat, so she'll give me my tail back."

- 12 The river thought about it and replied, "Help yourself. I have plenty of water to spare."
- 13 Monkey thanked the river again and again. Then he brought some water to the cloud, and the cloud gave him rain. He brought the rain to the farmer, who gave him grass. He brought the grass to Cow, who gave him milk, and he brought the milk to Cat, who gave him his tail back.
- 14 Monkey was overjoyed! Although he no longer plays tricks on the other animals, you can still hear him hooting and hollering in the jungle. Monkey's laughing because he's so happy to have his tail back.

From THROUGH THE GRAPEVINE, World Tales Kids Can Read & Tell, retold by Martha Hamilton and Mitch Weiss. Copyright © 2001 by Martha Hamilton and Mitch Weiss.

CSR2P011-2

**10.What is the main event in "The Tail Trade"?**

- A Beaver builds a dam with his tail.
- B Muskrat and Beaver exchange tails.
- C Muskrat and Beaver try out their new tails.
- D Beaver slaps his tail to warn of danger.

**11.How do Muskrat and Monkey feel at the end of the stories?**

- A Muskrat is cranky, and Monkey is panicked.
- B Muskrat is cautious, and Monkey is spiteful.
- C Muskrat is dazzled, and Monkey is confident.
- D Muskrat is regretful, and Monkey is glad.

# Kauai Island

## SAMPLE A

---

KAUAI is the fourth largest island in Hawaii. Hawaii became the 50th state in 1959. Hawaii consists of eight major islands, in addition to more than a hundred smaller ones, and is located in the middle of the North Pacific Ocean. Kauai, located northwest of Oahu, is called the Garden Island. It was formed by volcanic activity and has many mountains and canyons. Because of its dramatic beauty, it has been used as a setting for motion pictures such as *South Pacific*, *King Kong*, and *Jurassic Park*. Crops produced on Kauai include sugar cane, coffee, tropical fruits, and taro root, from which the Hawaiian dish *poi* is made. Kauai was an independent royal land until it became a part of the kingdom of Hawaii in 1810.

---

## SAMPLE B

---

I had an amazing experience on the northern shore of Kauai today. We swam with Pacific Green Sea Turtles. They are called *honu* in Hawaii and are a symbol of knowledge and long life. A special guide took us to the protective reefs where the turtles spend time. Under her guidance, we learned how to use the snorkeling equipment that allowed us to be underwater and breathe air from above through a tube. But snorkeling wasn't all she knew about! She was a marine biologist, so she knew all about the creatures of the ocean. She led us safely through our adventure and told us many interesting things about what we saw. When I saw the first turtle, my heart was pounding. I was so excited! We were not allowed to touch them, but it was enough just to be near these gentle and graceful creatures. We swam among thousands of colorful fish, and we saw octopuses and eels. What a special day!

---

## SAMPLE C

---

### The Unique Beauty of Hawaii's Garden Island

Kauai offers some of the most spectacular scenery in the world and many ways to enjoy it.

**Waimea Canyon** is known as the Grand Canyon of the Pacific. You can view it from the lookout or explore its tropical wonders up close. Speaking of exploring, **Koke'e State Park** has over four thousand acres and 45 miles of trails. The amazing variety of sights in this park even includes California redwood forests! Of course, this is in addition to an abundance of tropical flora and fauna. The **NaPali Coast** is one of the most amazing stretches of coastline on the planet. You have to see it to believe it!

---

## SAMPLE D

---

### Hawaiian Shave Ice

A special treat enjoyed by children in the Hawaiian Islands on warm, sunny afternoons is shave ice flavored with delicious fruit syrup.

Shave ice comes in many tasty fruit flavors. Do you think you'll have trouble choosing just one? Then select our Rainbow Shave Ice! You can taste many flavors at once. You might even want to try a Super Shave Ice, which comes complete with a scoop of creamy vanilla ice cream at the bottom!

**Come to Kalima's on Kauai  
and enjoy this refreshing tropical treat today!**

---

CSR1P037

**12. Which fact about Sample B helps you know that it is a journal entry instead of a letter?**

- A It has a date at the beginning.
- B It doesn't have a greeting or closing.
- C It has only one paragraph.
- D It doesn't have pictures or illustrations.

**13. The first sentence in Sample B is the topic sentence. After reading this sentence, you can tell that this sample will *most likely* tell about**

- A why the writer went to Kauai.
- B when the writer is going home.
- C what the writer did that day.
- D which island the writer will visit next.

**14. All of the samples tell about what a beautiful island Kauai is *except***

- A Sample A.
- B Sample B.
- C Sample C.
- D Sample D.

**15. Which samples tell about things you might eat in Hawaii?**

- A Samples A and B
- B Samples B and C
- C Samples A and D
- D Samples B and D

**16. Information in *all* of the samples supports the idea that**

- A Kauai has lovely state parks.
- B swimming is a popular pastime on Kauai.
- C Kauai is an enjoyable place to visit.
- D many crops are grown on Kauai.

## Avocados

### SAMPLE A

**av-o-ca-do** (ă'-və-kā'dō, āv') *n., pl. -dos.* 1. An American tree, native to tropical regions, which bears an edible fruit that is enjoyed alone or in dishes such as salads. 2. This tree's fruit is oval or pear-shaped and has leathery green, purple, or black skin, soft yellow-green flesh, and a large pit. 3. A dull green color. [The American Spanish changed the Nahuatl (language of the Aztecs) word *ahuacatl* to *aguacate*.]

### SAMPLE B

**Guacamole** is a Mexican dipping or topping sauce. It doesn't stay fresh very long, so just make what you need

for the day. You will need two or three ripe avocados, depending on how much you want to make. A ripe avocado feels slightly soft.

First, cut the avocados in half, remove the pits, and scoop out the inside of the fruit pulp into a bowl. Then mash the pulp with a fork. You don't have to make it smooth. You should still have some small chunks of avocado. Next, mix in a tablespoon of lemon or lime juice and a tablespoon of chopped fresh cilantro for each avocado you're using. (For example, if you're using two avocados, add two tablespoons of juice and two tablespoons of cilantro.) Add a little salt too.





The other ingredients that you add depend on what you like. You might want to add mild chopped green chiles that come in a can. If you like food that is hot and spicy, you can add chopped fresh jalapeño peppers. Some people enjoy adding things like chopped green onions, diced fresh tomatoes, garlic, or hot pepper sauce. After adding the ingredients of your choice, bring out a bowl of tortilla chips and start dipping!

## SAMPLE C

---

### • Avocado

Common name for the tree *Persea americana*, a type of laurel tree. It is native to tropical America. Its fruit, of the same name, has a thick, rough, greenish skin. It is a drupe fruit, or stone fruit, meaning that it is fleshy inside and contains a single large, hard pit. (Other examples of drupe fruits are cherries, peaches, and plums.) An avocado is similar to a pear in size and shape. When avocado flesh is ripe, it has a creamy texture, like firm butter, and a faintly nutlike flavor. It contains 10 to 20 percent oil. In addition

to this high fat content, avocados are also a good source of protein. In the United States, avocados are often eaten in salads and sandwiches. In Latin America, avocados are often an ingredient in soups and sauces. There are many avocado trees grown in the southern United States.

---

SAMPLE D

**RAMONA'S PRODUCE CENTRAL**

announces



**Welcome to Summer  
Fruit and Vegetable Sale!**

*Special of the Week: Avocados*

Regular Price: \$1.19 per avocado

This week, you can purchase these delicious avocados for only 60¢ apiece! Buy ten, and the cost goes down to 50¢ apiece! That's only \$5.00 for ten avocados!

Think of all the salads, sandwiches, and guacamole you can make and enjoy. Come to Ramona's today!

**17. Based on information in the four samples, all of the following words can be used to describe avocado skin *except***

- A thick.
- B spicy.
- C leathery.
- D rough.

**18. When mashing avocados for guacamole, you should**

- A** always add plenty of hot pepper sauce for flavor.
- B** turn the mixture into a liquid by using an electric blender.
- C** use a fork and leave the mixture somewhat chunky.
- D** crush the mixture for a long time, until it is smooth.

**19. When making guacamole, what should you do right after you mash the avocado?**

- A** warm up a bowl of tortilla chips
- B** add lime or lemon juice
- C** remove the pits from the mixture
- D** mix in a cup of sour cream

## **Make Your Own Leaf Collection Record**

It's fun to collect things. Some kids collect coins, shells, or stamps. One thing that is easy and free to

collect is leaves. Leaves come in many shapes and colors. Every type of tree has its own special leaf.

Willows have narrow leaves with edges like little saws. Maple leaves have many sharp points, and oak

leaves have many rounded tips.

**Now you can use your drawing or word processing program to start a Leaf Collection Record Book.**

1. Open a new file in your word processing program.
2. Type "LEAF COLLECTION RECORD" and center it on the top of the page. Make it **bold** and underline it.
3. Type "Name:" and then press ENTER about three times. You will put the names of the trees you collect leaves from here.
4. Now type "Description:" and press ENTER about ten times. This is where you will describe the tree that had the leaf. Be sure to leave plenty of room.
5. Click the square tool. Make a box for your leaf. This is where you will show the leaves you collect.
6. Print enough pages to begin your book.
7. Save the file with a name such as **Leaf Record**. You may need to print more pages later!
8. Punch holes in the left side of the pages, and put them in a three-ring binder, or tie them together with string.
9. There are two ways to put leaves in the box:
  - Draw a picture of the leaf.
  - Paste a real leaf in the center of the box.

***Happy collecting!***

**LEAF COLLECTION RECORD**

Name:

Description:



**LEAF COLLECTION RECORD**

**Name:** California Sycamore

**Description:** The light green sycamore leaves have five points. The sycamore tree has fruit that looks like prickly little balls. Wood from the sycamore is used to make furniture.



**20. Which of these is an *opinion* in this passage?**

- A It's fun to collect things.
- B Some kids collect coins, shells, or stamps.
- C Leaves come in many shapes and colors.
- D Every type of tree has its own special leaf.

**21. How is this passage organized?**

- A It gives a series of steps in a process.
- B It states a cause and then gives effects.
- C It tells how things are alike and different.
- D It makes a statement and then gives reasons it is true.

**22. A leaf you find might be from an oak tree if it**

- A is narrow.
- B has edges like saws.
- C has rounded tips.
- D is pointed at the tips.

**23. In Step 7, why is it important to name the file?**

- A so that you can find it later
- B because it is the name of a book
- C to help you decide what to do next
- D to remind you to finish your work

**24. Which of these books would be *most* useful to someone starting a leaf collection?**

- A Build Your Own Tree House
- B The Great American Apple Tree
- C The Encyclopedia of Trees
- D Christmas Tree Tales

**25. What must you know in order to fill out a leaf record?**

- A who planted the tree
- B when the leaf fell off the tree
- C what kind of tree the leaf came from
- D where the tree was planted